

Roll No. ....

Total No. of Questions : 07]

[Total No. of Pages : 02

**BBA (Sem. - 3<sup>rd</sup>)**

**BUSINESS STATISTICS**

**SUBJECT CODE : BB - 304**

**Paper ID : [C0216]**

[Note : Please fill subject code and paper ID on OMR]

**Time : 03 Hours**

**Maximum Marks : 60**

**Instruction to Candidates:**

- 1) Section - A is **Compulsory**.
- 2) Attempt any **Four** questions from Section - B.

**Section - A**

**Q1)**

**(10 × 2 = 20)**

- a) Define secondary data.
- b) Show that the weighted arithmetic mean of the square of 'n' natural numbers whose weights are equal to the corresponding numbers is equal to  $n(n + 1) / 2$ .
- c) Prove that the product of the ratios of each of the 'n' observations to the G.M. is always unity.
- d) The geometric mean and harmonic mean of two observations are respectively 18 and 10.8. Find the observations.
- e) For numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 calculate range and mean deviation from median.
- f) If S.D. of a set of observations is zero, then all observations are equal. Comment.
- g) Write direct method to find Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation.
- h) Define quantity index number.
- i) State Bayes Theorem.
- j) Write the significance of Time Series Analysis.



## Section - B

(4 × 10 = 40)

**Q2)** Calculate the mode of given data set:

Mid Value :	5	15	25	35	45	55	65	75	85
Frequency :	4	5	8	12	16	28	15	3	2

**Q3)** Find the standard deviation of the  $(2n + 1)$  terms of an A.P.

**Q4)** The following is the record of number of bricks laid each day for 10 days by two brick layers A and B. Calculate the coefficient of variation in each case and discuss the relative consistency of two brick layers.

A:	700	675	725	625	650	700	650	700	600	650
B:	550	600	575	550	650	600	550	525	625	600

**Q5)** Data related to age of students and their games are given. Calculate the correlation between the age of students and their playing habits.

Age :	15	16	17	18	19	20
No. of Students :	250	200	150	120	100	80
Regular Players :	200	150	90	48	30	12

**Q6)** Calculate the index number for 1998 with 1990 as base using average of price relative method for the following data :

Commodity	Weight	Price	
		1990	1998
A	2	12	24
B	8	8	12
C	4	15	27
D	5	6	18
E	1	10	12

**Q7)** What is a trend in a time series. The following table gives the annual sales (in Rs'000) of a commodity.

Year:	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Sales:	710	705	680	687	757	629	644	783	781	805	872

Determine the trend by calculating 5-yearly moving average.

